In Question numbers 1-10, select the word that is most nearly OPPOSITE in meaning to the word in capital letters and mark the correct answer code in the OMR sheet.

(10x1=10 marks)

1. START
   a) Close  b) Shut  c) End  d) Finish

2. ALIVE
   a) Passive  b) Dead  c) Asleep  d) Drowsy

3. ANCESTORS
   a) Supporters  b) Disciples  c) Followers  d) Descendants

4. AMELIORATE
   a) Lessen  b) Hasten  c) Expedite  d) Worsen

5. RUTHLESS
   a) Mindful  b) Compassionate  c) Majestic  d) Merciful

6. DELETE
   a) Impound  b) Insert  c) Inspire  d) Injure

7. TRANSPARENT
   a) Coloured  b) Childlike  c) Opaque  d) Imminent

8. ACQUITTED
   a) Entrusted  b) Convicted  c) Burdened  d) Freed

9. COMMUNICATIVE
   a) Primitive  b) Passive  c) Dumb  d) Reticent

10. SPURIOUS
    a) False  b) Genuine  c) Simple  d) Systematic

In Question numbers 11-20, out of the given alternatives, choose the word which best expresses the meaning of the word given in capital letters and write the correct answer code in the OMR sheet.

(10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

11. COMMEMORATE
    a) Boast  b) Remember  c) Manipulate  d) Harmonise

12. LETHAL
    a) Unlawful  b) Deadly
13. SECURE
   a) Secret  b) Comfortable
   c) Safe    d) Independent

14. TYRANNY
   a) Misrule  b) Power
   c) Hunger   d) Cruelty

15. OBLIGATORY
   a) Delicate b) Required
   c) Stubborn d) Agreeable

16. EXORBITANT
   a) Odd     b) Ridiculous
   c) Excessive d) Threatening

17. BARTER
   a) Deal    b) Return
   c) Lend    d) Exchange

18. TERMINATE
   a) Suspend b) Abolish
   c) End     d) Interrupt

19. PILFER
   a) Destroy b) Damage
   c) Steal   d) Snatch

20. INFINITE
   a) Strange b) Endless
   c) Indefinite d) Vague

In question numbers 21-25, an idiomatic expression/a proverb has been given, followed by some alternatives. Choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given idiom/proverb.

(5 x 1 = 5 marks)

21. To turn over a new leaf.
   a) To change completely one’s course of action
   b) To shift attention to new problems after having studied the old ones thoroughly.
   c) To cover up one’s faults by wearing new marks
   d) To change the old habits and adopt new ones

22. To frame a person
   a) To befool someone
   b) To make one appear guilty
   c) To praise someone
   d) A narrow escape

23. A close shave
   a) A lucky escape
   b) A clean shave
   c) A well guarded secret
   d) A narrow escape
24. A chip of the old block
   a) A piece of wood       b) An old friend
   c) Characteristics of one’s ancestors       d) A good bargain

25. To throw dust in one’s eyes
   a) To show false things       b) To make blind
   c) To harm someone       d) To deceive

Read the passage and answer the question numbers 26-30 based on the passage. Select the correct answer and mark the answer code in the OMR sheet.

(5 x 2 = 10 Marks)

Primitive man was probably more concerned with fire as a source of warmth and as a means of cooking food than as a source of light. Before he discovered less laborious ways of making fire, he had to preserve it, and whenever he went on a journey he carried a firebrand with him. His discovery that the firebrand, from which the torch may very well have developed, could be used for illumination was probably incidental to the primary purpose of preserving a flame.

Lamps, too, probably developed by accident. Every man may have had his first conception of a lamp while watching a twig or fibre burning in the molten fat dropped from a roasting carcass. All he had to do was to fashion a vessel to contain fat and float a lighting reed in it. Such lamps, which were made of hollowed stones or sea shells, have persisted in identical form up to quite recent times.

26. Primitive man’s most important use for fire was
   a) To provide warmth       b) To cook food
   c) To provide light       d) Both (a) and (b)

27. The firebrand was used to
   a) Prevent accidents       b) Provide light
   c) Scare animals       d) Save labour

28. By ‘primary’ the author means
   a) Primitive       b) Fundamental
   c) Elemental       d) Essential

29. Lamps probably developed through mere
   a) Hazard       b) Fate
   c) Chance       d) Planning

30. Early lamps were made by
   a) Using reed as a wick in the fat       b) Letting a reed soak the fat
   c) Putting the fat in a       d) Floating a reed in the
shell and lighting it  sea-shell

In question numbers 31-40, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be SUBSTITUTED for the given words/sentences.

(10x1=10 marks)

31. To examine one’s thoughts and feelings
   a) Meditation  b) Retrospection
   c) Reflection  d) Introspection

32. The short remaining end of a cigarette
   a) Stump  b) Stub
   c) Rag  d) Scrap

33. To send an unwanted person out of the country
   a) Exclude  b) Ostracise
   c) Deport  d) Expatriate

34. One who despises persons of lower social position
   a) Prim  b) Snob
   c) Prig  d) Aristocrat

35. Mania for stealing articles
   a) Logomania  b) Nymphomania
   c) Kleptomania  d) Hypomania

36. A disease which spreads by contact
   a) Infectious  b) Contagious
   c) Contiguous  d) Contextual

37. A child who stays away from school without any good reason
   a) Vagabond  b) Delinquent
   c) Schizophrenic  d) Truant

38. An unexpected stroke of good luck
   a) Fortune  b) Windfall
   c) Boon  d) Breakthrough

39. Place where birds are kept
   a) Zoo  b) Apiary
   c) Armoury  d) Aviary

40. A person with a beautiful and elegant handwriting
   a) Calligrapher  b) Collier
   c) Choreographer  d) Cartographer

In question numbers 41-45, four alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase in italicised letters in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase in italics.

(5x1 = 5 marks)

41. The cricket match proved to be **a big draw**
a) A match without any result
b) A keen contest
c) A lovely spectacle
d) A huge attraction

42. The captain and the coach are trying to pass the buck on each other for the poor performance of their team
   a) To repent
   b) To shirk work
   c) To blame
   d) To shift responsibility

43. You cannot have your cake and eat it too
   a) Have it both ways
   b) Fulfil all your wishes
   c) Run away from responsibility
   d) Always work according to your whims

44. He is really worth his salt
   a) Loyal
   b) Affectionate
   c) Of value
   d) Untrustworthy

45. He resigned the post of his own accord
   a) According to his judgement
   b) Which he liked
   c) Voluntarily and willingly
   d) According to his convenience

For question numbers 46-50, pick out the most effective word from the given words to fill in the blank to make the sentence meaningfully complete.

(5x1=5 marks)

46. The truck was ____ the traffic and the policeman asked the driver to move off.
   a) Failing
   b) Obstructing
   c) Obviating
   d) Hiding

47. Integrity of character, honesty, dependability and discipline ____ with a genuine interest in your work will go a long way in the achievement of success in your professional life.
   a) Coupled
   b) Adjoining
   c) Attached
   d) Joined

48. The soldiers were instructed to ____ restraint and handle the situation peacefully.
   a) Exercise
   b) Control
   c) Prevent
   d) Enforce

49. He has good ____ over the famous world languages.
   a) Authority
   b) Expertise
   c) Command
   d) Hold

50. Nothing can be achieved without ____ a certain degree of discomfort while making an effort.
   a) Getting
   b) Sacrificing
   c) Enduring
   d) Imbibing
राज भाषा का अथ राजा या राज्य का भाषा है। वह भाषा जिसमें शासक या शासन का काम होता है। राष्ट्रीय भाषा वह है जिसका व्यवहार राष्ट्र के सामान्य जन करते ह। राजभाषा का क्षेत्र सीमित होता है। राष्ट्रीय भाषा सारे देश का संपक भाषा है। राष्ट्रीय भाषा के साथ जनता का भावात्मक अभ्रा रहता है। क्या उसके साथ जनसाधारण का सांस्कृतिक परंपराये जुड़ी रहती है। राजभाषा के प्रति वैसा सम्मान हो तो सकता है, लेकिन नहीं भी हो सकता है, क्या वह अपने देश का भी हो सकती है। किसी गैर देश से आए शासक का भी हो सकती है। लोकतांत्रिक व्यवस्था में आज हिंदी राजभाषा के रूप में हो विवाहित है। 14 सितंबर, 1949 ई. को भारत के संविधान में हिंदी को मान्यता प्रदान की गयी है। संविधान का धारा 120 के अनुसार संसद का काय में हिंदी या अंग्रेजी में किया जाता है। धारा 210 के अंतर्गत राज्यों के विधानमंडलों का काय अपने-अपने राज्य का राजभाषा या हिंदी में या अंग्रेजी में किया जा सकता है। 343 के अनुसार संघ का राजभाषा हिंदी और लिपि देवनागरी होगी। इस भाषा के ग्रामीण तथा प्रचार के लिए महात्मा गांधी का योगदान रहा है। धारा 344 में राष्ट्रपति को शासकार काय में हिंदी भाषा का योगदान के लिए कहा गया है।
52. Write a letter to the Tourism department giving your suggestions to boost tourism in Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

Or

Your friend’s mother has expired recently after a prolonged illness. Write a letter to him expressing your sentiments.

(15 Marks)
53. Write an essay on any one of the following topics in about 300 words.

\[ \text{(20 marks)} \]

A. Cleanliness - need of the hour or a waste of time.
B. Should people be judged by their social media posts?
C. Should parents allow their children to play?
D. Fake news.
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